Client Initials:	Client ID:	Date of Completion: /	/

## YOUNG CHILD PTSD CHECKLIST (YCPC) (Caregiver: English)

For Child under 7 years old.

Below is a list of symptoms that children can have after life-threatening events.

When you think of ALL the life-threatening traumatic events from the first page, circle the number below (0-4) that best describes how often the symptom has bothered you in the LAST 2 WEEKS.

	0 1 2 3			4					
	Not at all Once a week/ 2 to 4 times a week/ 5 or more times a w		eek/	Everyday					
	Once in a while Half the time Almost always								
1.	Does your child have intrusive memories of the trauma? Does s/he bring it				0	1	2	3	4
	up on his/her			0.001					
2.	_	ild re-enact the trauma	= =	=	0	1	2	3	4
		look just like the trau	ıma. Or does s/he act	it out by					
		r with other kids?							
3.		having more nightmar			0	1	2	3	4
4.		ild act like the traumat			0	1	2	3	4
		isn't? This is where a		-					
		nt and aren't in touch	with reality. This is a	pretty obvious					
	thing when it	11							
5.		ma(s) has s/he had ep			0	1	2	3	4
		d to snap him/her out							
6.		upset when exposed t			0	1	2	3	4
	-	ild who was in a car v	_	_					
		a child who was in a h	_						
	_	child who saw domes	_						
		argue. Or, a girl who v	vas sexually abused m	night be nervous					
	when someon								
7.	Does your chi	ild get physically distr	essed when exposed t	o reminders? Like	0	1	2	3	4
	heart racing, shaking hands, sweaty, short of breath, or sick to his/her								
		nk of the same type of							
8.	Does your chi	ild try to avoid conver	sations that might ren	nind him/her of the	0	1	2	3	4
	trauma(s)? For example, if other people talk about what happened, does s/he			nappened, does s/he					
	walk away or change the topic?								
9.	Does your child try to avoid things or places that remind him/her of the				0	1	2	3	4
	trauma(s)? For example, a child who was in a car wreck might try to avoid								
	getting into a car. Or, a child who was in a flood might tell you not to drive								
	over a bridge. Or, a child who saw domestic violence might be nervous to								
	go in the house where it occurred. Or, a girl who was sexually abused might								
	be nervous ab	out going to bed beca	use that's where she v	vas abused before.					
10.		ild have difficulty rem	nembering the whole i	ncident? Has s/he					
	blocked out the entire event?								
11.	Has s/he lost	interest in doing thing	s that s/he used to like	e to do since the	0	1	2	3	4
	trauma(s)?								
12.		ma(s), does your child		nge of positive	0	1	2	3	4
	emotions on his/her face compared to before?								

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## YCPC (Caregiver: English) continued

13.	Has your child lost hope for the future? For example, s/he believes will not					
	have fun tomorrow, or will never be good at anything.					
14.	Since the trauma(s) has your child become more distant and withdrawn	0	1	2	3	4
	from family members, relatives, or friends?					
15.	Has s/he had a hard time falling asleep or staying asleep since the	0	1	2	3	4
	trauma(s)?					
16.	Has your child become more irritable, or had outbursts of anger, or	0	1	2	3	4
	developed extreme temper tantrums since the trauma(s)?					
17.	Has your child had more trouble concentrating since the trauma(s)?	0	1	2	3	4
18.	Has s/he been more "on the alert" for bad things to happen? For example,	0	1	2	3	4
	does s/he look around for danger?					
19.	Does your child startle more easily than before the trauma(s)? For example,	0	1	2	3	4
	if there's a loud noise or someone sneaks up behind him/her, does s/he jump					
	or seem startled?					
20.	Has your child become more physically aggressive since the trauma(s)?	0	1	2	3	4
	Like hitting, kicking, biting, or breaking things.					
21.	Has s/he become more clingy to you since the trauma(s)?	0	1	2	3	4
22.	Did night terrors start or get worse after the trauma(s)? Night terrors are	0	1	2	3	4
	different from nightmares: in night terrors a child usually screams in their					
	sleep, they don't wake up, and they don't remember it the next day.					
23.	Since the trauma(s), has your child lost previously acquired skills? For	0	1	2	3	4
	example, lost toilet training? Or, lost language skills? Or, lost motor skills					
	working snaps, buttons, or zippers?					
24.	Since the trauma(s), has your child developed any new fears about things	0	1	2	3	4
	that <u>don't seem related</u> to the trauma(s)? What about going to the bathroom					
	alone? Or, being afraid of the dark?					
	FUNCTIONAL IMPAIRMENT					
	Do the symptoms that you endorsed above get in the way of your child's					
	ability to function in the following areas?					
25.	Do (symptoms) substantially "get in the way" of how s/he gets along with	0	1	2	3	4
	you, interfere in your relationship, or make you feel upset or annoyed?					
26.	Do these (symptoms) "get in the way" of how s/he gets along with brothers	0	1	2	3	4
	or sisters, and make them feel upset or annoyed?					
27.	Do (symptoms) "get in the way" of how s/he gets along with friends at all –	0	1	2	3	4
	at daycare, school, or in your neighborhood?					
28.	Do these (symptoms) "get in the way" with the teacher or the class more	0	1	2	3	4
	than average?					
29.	Do (symptoms) make it harder for you to take him/her out in public than it	0	1	2	3	4
	would be with an average child?		1	_		
	Is it harder to go out with your child to places like the grocery store? Or to a					
	restaurant?					
30.	Do you think that these behaviors cause your child to feel upset?	0	1	2	3	4
50.	100 you tillik that these behaviors eause your clind to reer apset:	J	1		,	<u> </u>

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## Young Child PTSD Checklist Caregiver Response Scale

Not at all Once in a Once a week/ while 2 to 4 times a week/ Half the time times a week/ 5 or more Almost always Everyday